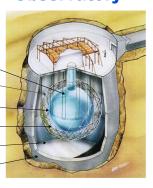
Particle Physics and Cosmology — New Melting Pot —

Hitoshi Murayama

Director's Review on Physics Division, Nov 10, 2004

Sudbury Neutrino Observatory

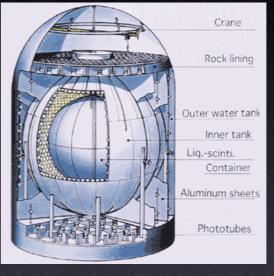


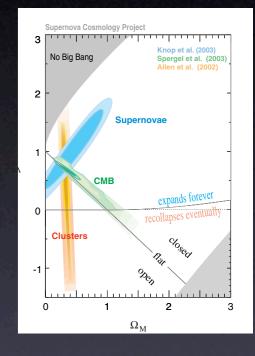
Exciting time

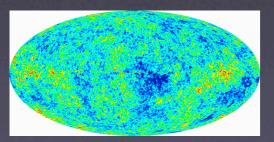
New discoveries:

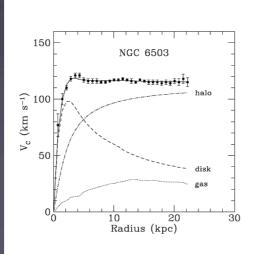
- Dark Matter
- Dark Energy
- Neutrino oscillation
- Scale-invariant density fluctuation

We have to at least address these!

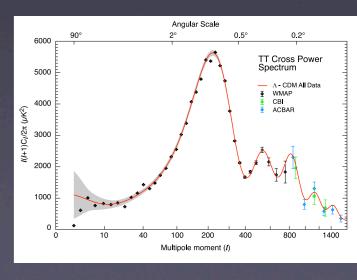












Energy budget of Universe

- Stars and galaxies are only ~0.5%
- Neutrinos are ~0.1−1.5%
- Rest of ordinary matter
 (electrons, protons & neutrons) are 4.4%
- Dark Matter 23%
- Dark Energy 73%
- Anti-Matter 0%
- Dark Field (Higgs) ~10⁶²%??

stars

baryon

neutrinos

dark matter

dark energy



Cosmic Questions

What is the nature of the universe and what is it made of?
What are matter, energy, space and time?
How did we get here and where are we going?
(HEPAP Quantum Universe Report)

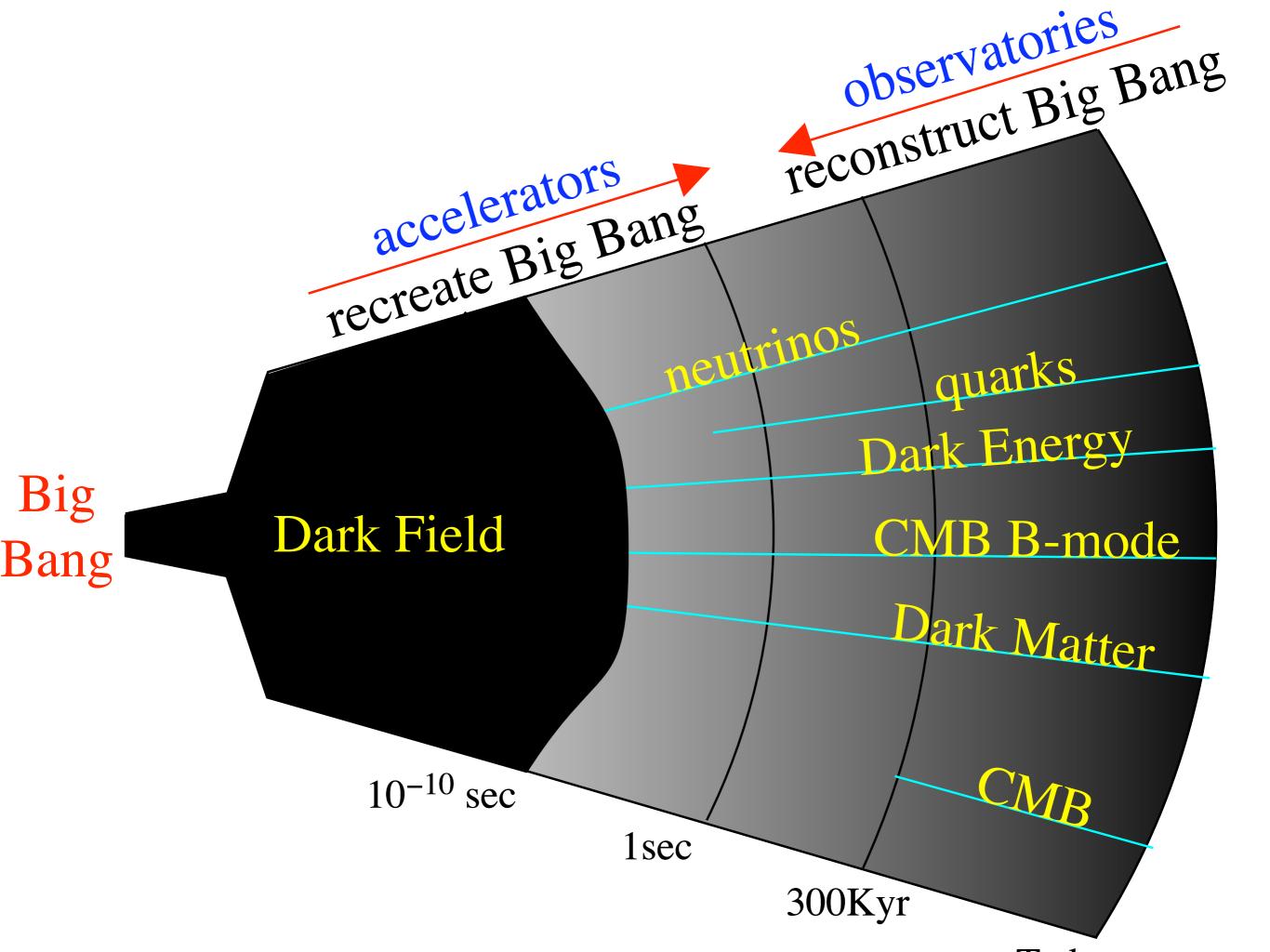
We have a commanding knowledge of ordinary matter

- We don't know what 95% of the Universe is made of!
- We still can't relate gravity and QM

We have convergence of

- Experimental surprises
- Theoretical developments
- Success of the Standard Model

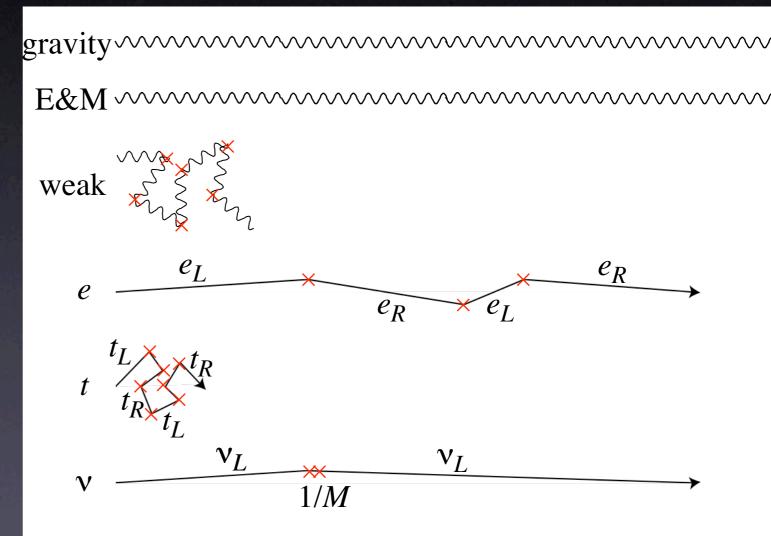
To us, cosmology and particle physics are synonymous



Dark Field =Cosmic BEC

We are swimming in a BEC

- There is something filling our Universe
- It doesn't disturb gravity or electric force
- It does disturb weak force and make it shortranged
- It slows down all elementary particles from speed of light
- What is it??



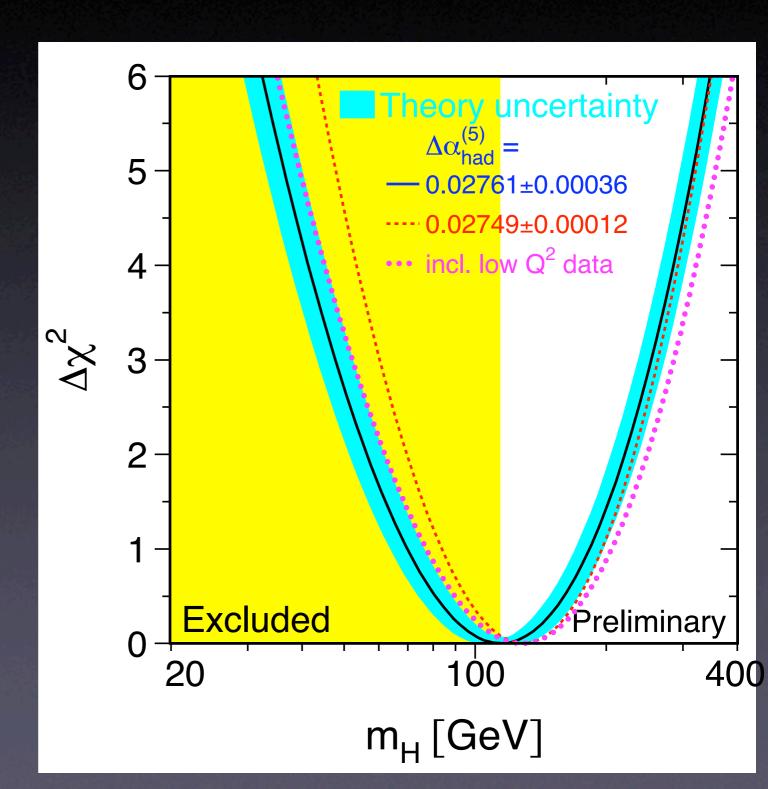
Cosmic Superconductor

- In a superconductor, magnetic field gets repelled (Meißner effect), and penetrates only over the "penetration length"
 - ⇒ Magnetic field is short-ranged!
- Imagine a physicist living in a superconductor
- She finally figured:
 - magnetic field must be long-ranged
 - there must be a mysterious charge-two condensate in her "Universe"
 - But doesn't know what the condensate is, nor why it condenses
 - Doesn't have enough energy (gap) to break up Cooper pairs

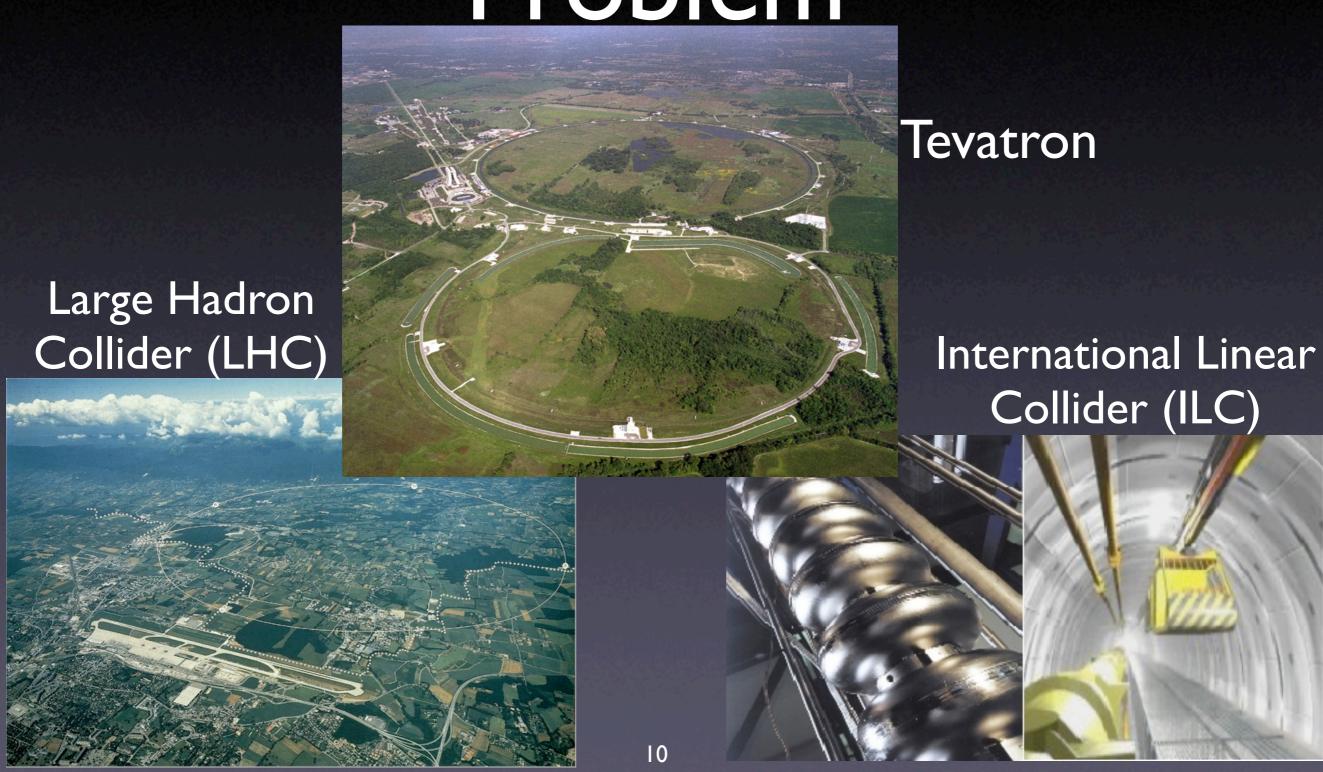
That's the stage where we are!

Gap Excitation

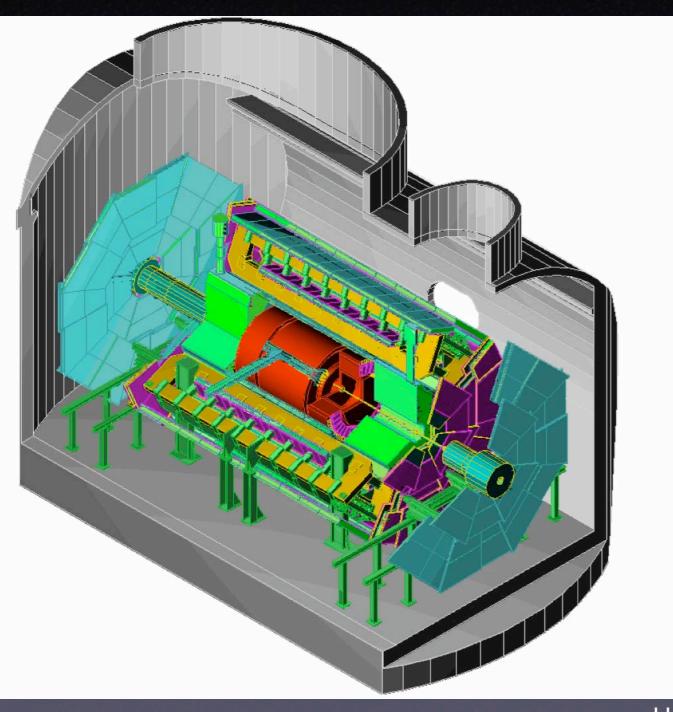
- We know the energy scale of the problem: GF≈(300 GeV)⁻²
- the gap excitation is called "Higgs boson"
- Current data combined with the Standard Model theory predict m_H<260GeV (95%CL)



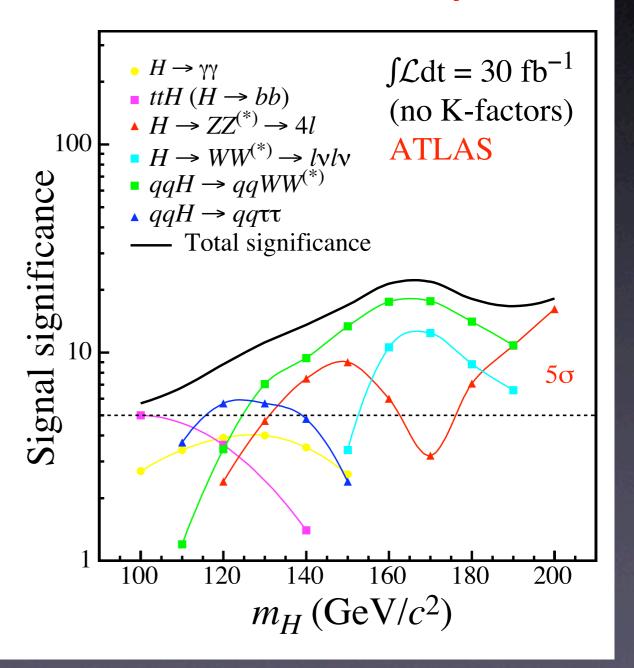
Solving the Dark Field Problem



Higgs at ATLAS



Robust discovery



Post-Higgs Problem

- We see "what" is condensed
- But we still don't know "why"
- Two problems:
 - Why anything is condensed at all
 - Why is the scale of condensation $\sim \text{TeV} << M_{Pl} = 10^{15} \text{TeV}$
- Explanation most likely to be at ~TeV scale because this is the relevant energy scale

Three Directions

History repeats itself

- Crisis with electron solved by anti-matter
- Double #particles again ⇒ supersymmetry

Learn from Cooper pairs

- Cooper pairs composite made of two electrons
- Higgs boson may be fermion-pair composite
 - ⇒ technicolor

Physics as we know it ends at TeV

- Ultimate scale of physics: quantum gravity
- May have quantum gravity at TeV
 - \Rightarrow hidden dimensions (0.01 cm to 10^{-17} cm)

More Directions

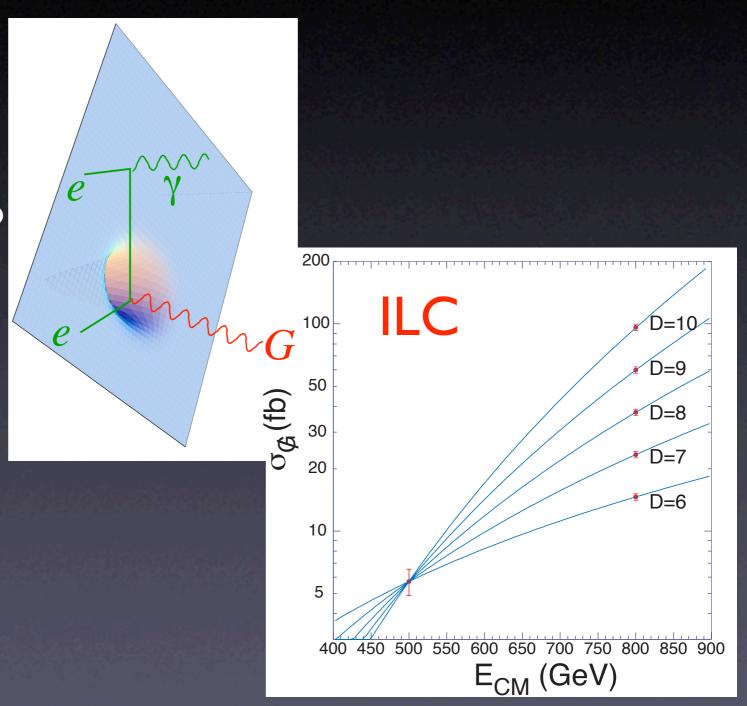
- Higgs boson as a Pseudo-Nambu-Goldstone boson (Little Higgs)
- Higgs boson as an extra-dimensional gauge boson (Gauge-Higgs Unification)
- Fat Higgs (Composite)
- Higgsless and W[±] as Kaluza-Klein boson
- technicolorful supersymmetry

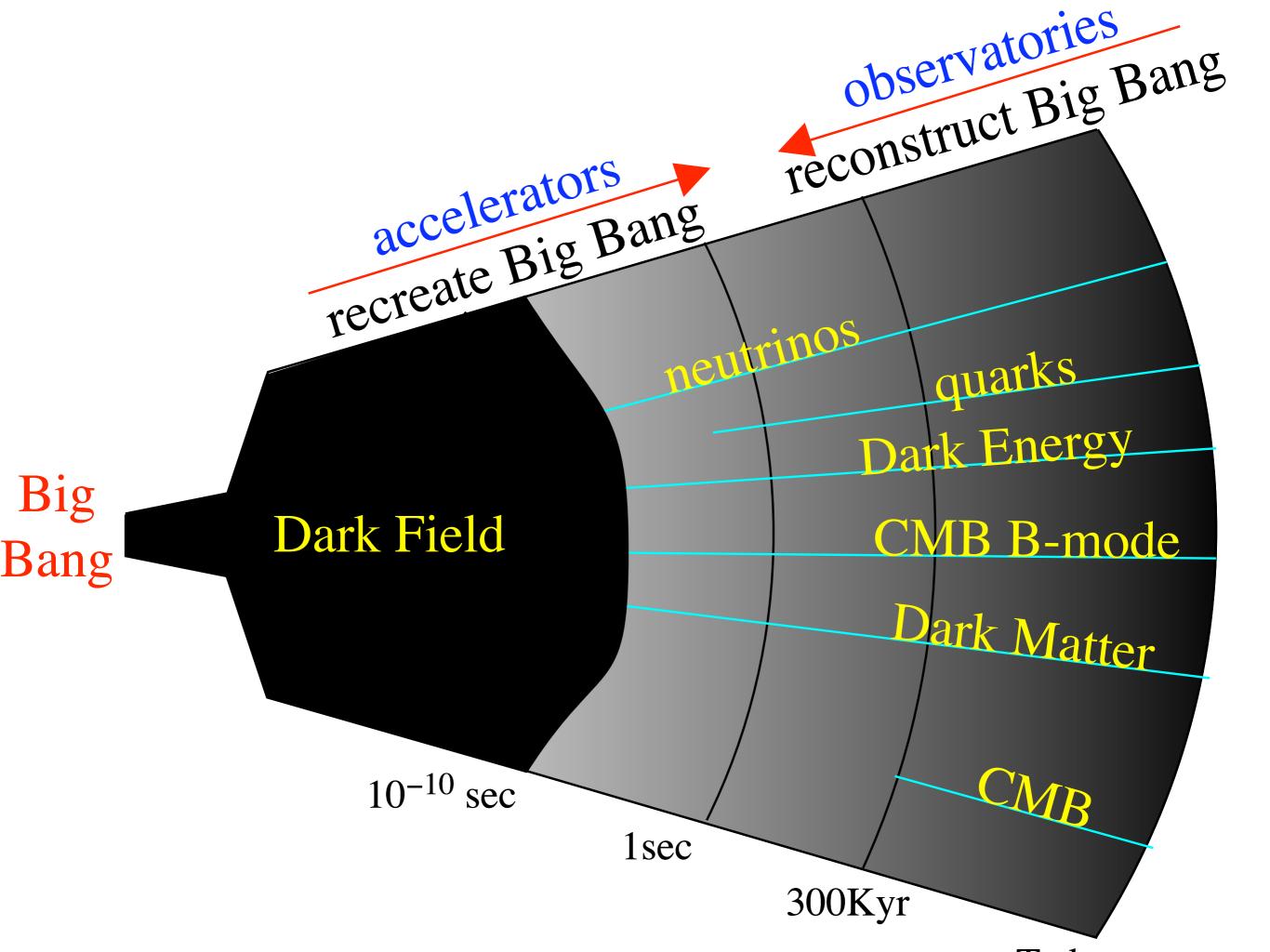


Hidden Dimensions

- Hidden dimensions
- Can emit graviton into the bulk
- Events with apparent energy imbalance

⇒ How many extra dimensions are there?





Dark Matter

Cosmic Microwave Background

- Pioneered by COBE, MAXIMA
- WMAP result:

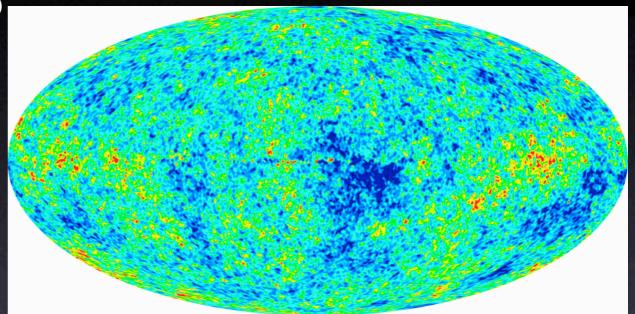
 $h=0.71\pm0.04$

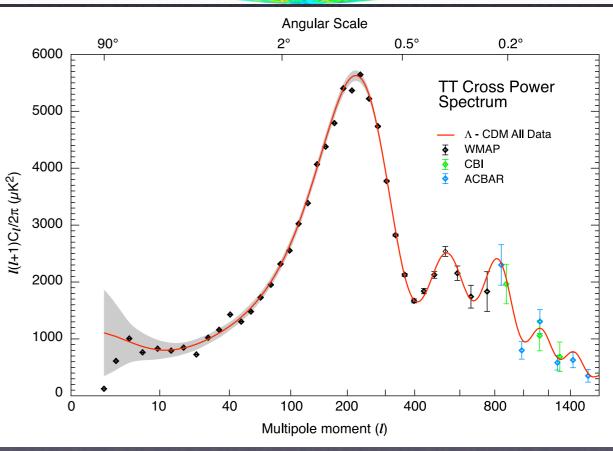
 $\Omega_{\rm M}h^2=0.135\pm0.009$

 $\Omega_b h^2 = 0.0224 \pm 0.0009$

 $\Omega_{\text{tot}} = 1.02 \pm 0.02$

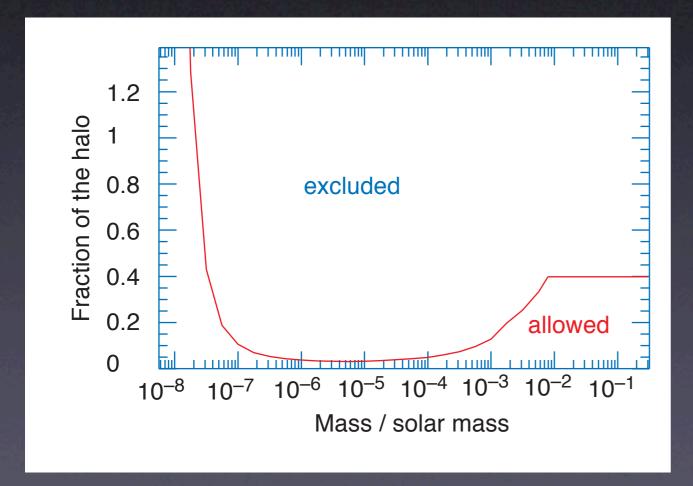
> | 2σ signal for exotic
 dark matter





Particle Dark Matter

It is not dim small stars (e.g., MACHOs)



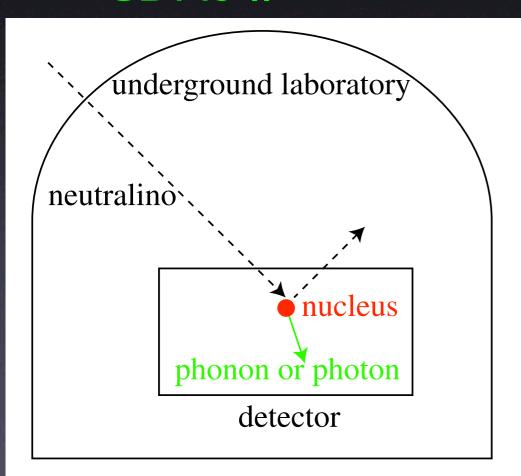
- WIMP (Weakly Interacting Massive Particle) strongly favored
- Stable heavy particle produced in early Universe, left-over from nearcomplete annihilation

$$\Omega_{M} \simeq 0.23 \frac{\pi\alpha^{2}/\text{TeV}^{2}}{\sigma_{ann}}$$
• TeV=10¹²eV the correct

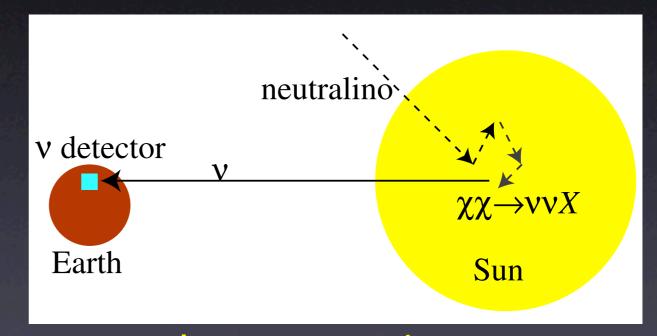
 TeV=10¹²eV the correct energy scale

Detection of Dark Matter

- Direct detection
- CDMS-II



- Indirect detection
- AMANDA, Icecube



complementary techniques are getting into the interesting region of parameter space

- Detect Dark Matter to see it is there.
- Will not tell us what it is.

Producing Dark Matter at LHC

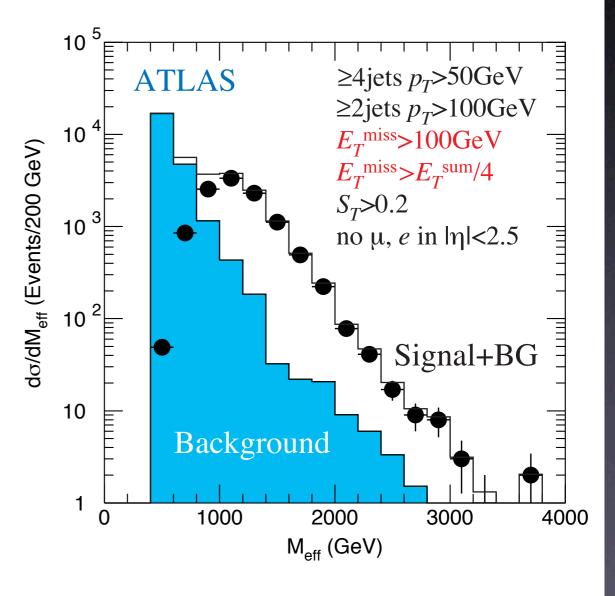
 Look for events where energy and momenta are unbalanced

"missing energy" E_{miss}

- Something is escaping the detector
- electrically neutral, weakly interacting

⇒Dark Matter!?

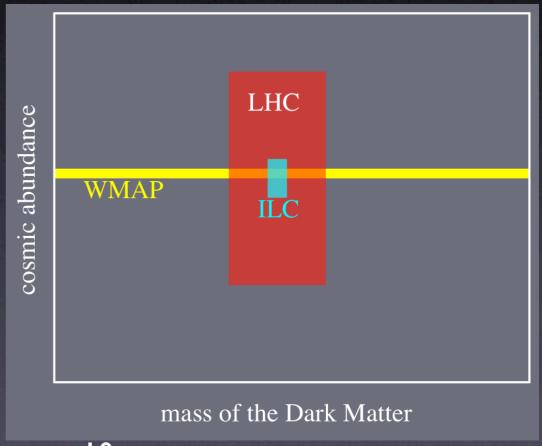
Supersymmetric Dark Matter

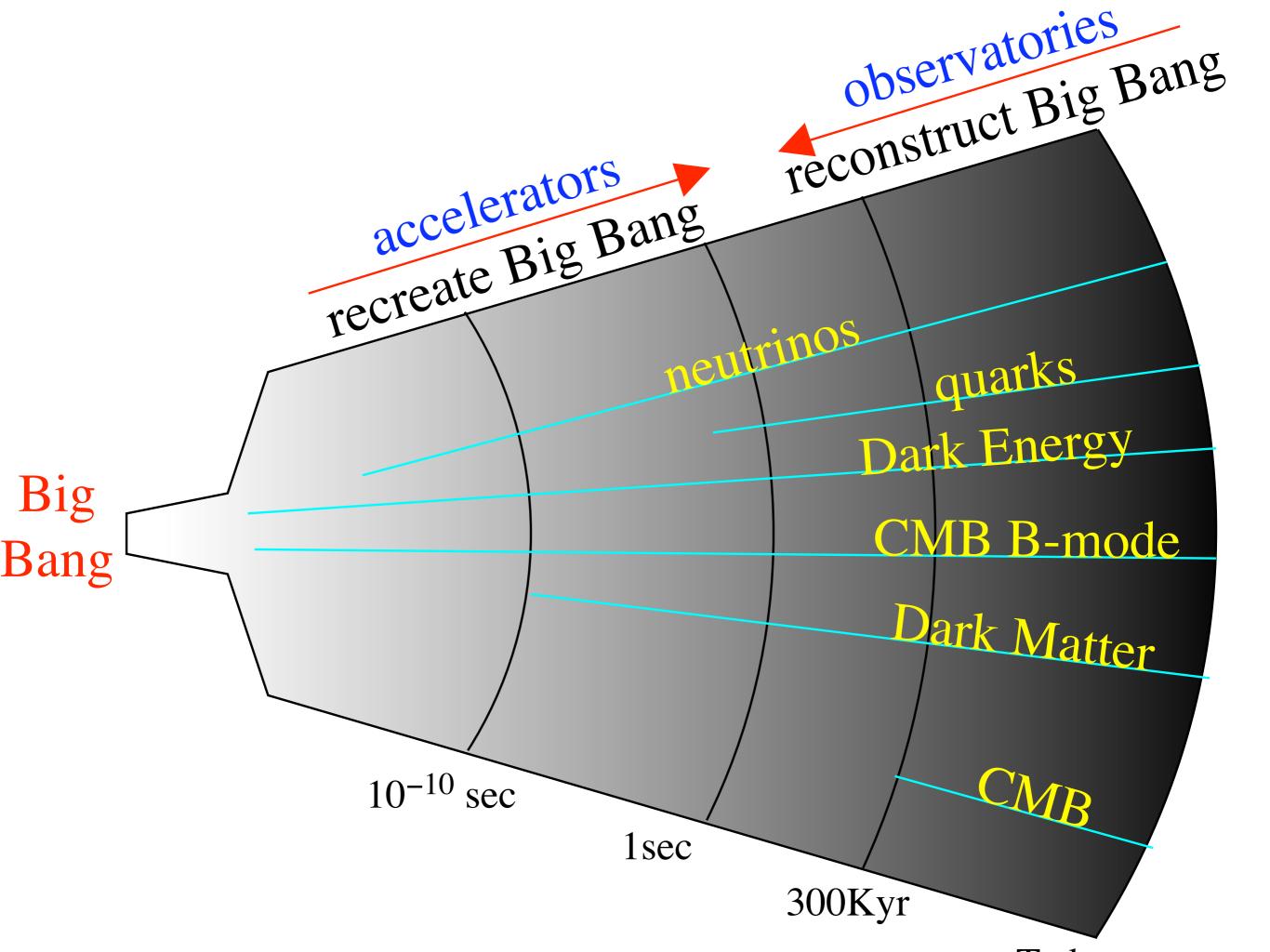


How do we know what Dark Matter is?

- cosmological measurement of dark matter
 - abundance $\propto \sigma_{ann}^{-1}$
- detection experiments
 - scattering cross section
- production at colliders
 - mass, couplings
 - can calculate cross sections
- If they agree with each other:
- ⇒ Will know what Dark Matter is







Anti-Matter

Matter and Anti-Matter Early Universe

10,000,000,001

10,000,000,000

9

 \overline{q}

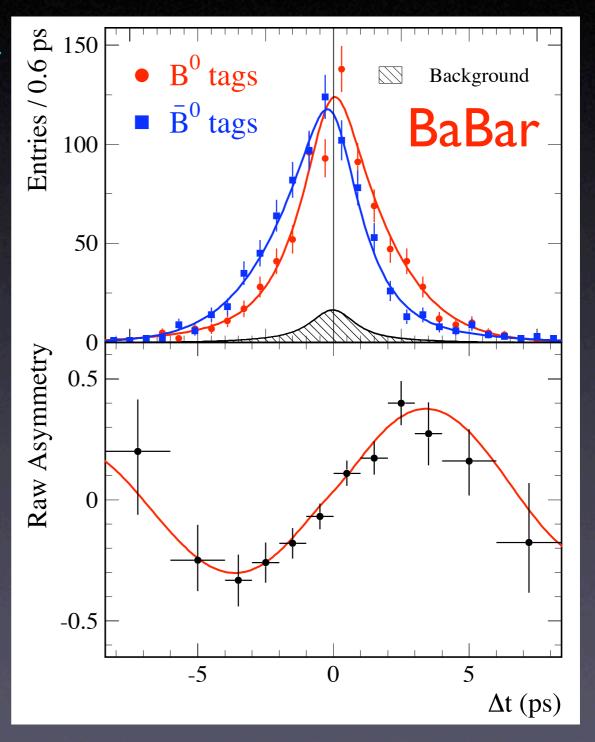
Matter and Anti-Matter Current Universe



 \overline{q} The Great Annihilation

CPViolation

- Is anti-matter the exact mirror of matter?
- 1964 discovery of CP violation in neutral kaon system
- But only one system, hard to tell what is going on.
- 2001 Found kaon and anti-kaon decay differently at 10^{-6} level 2002 Found CP violation also in B-meson system
- But no CP violation observed so far is not large enough to explain the absence of antimatter



Leptogenesis

- Neutrinos have mass
- Neutrinos may be their own anti-particles
- They can transform matter to anti-matter and vice versa
- Maybe they are

responsible for our 48

Soudan

Rogers City

Lansingigh Peak 42

-90

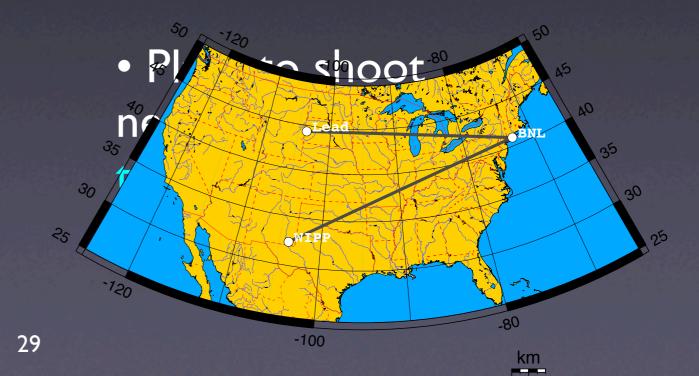
-85

-80

-75

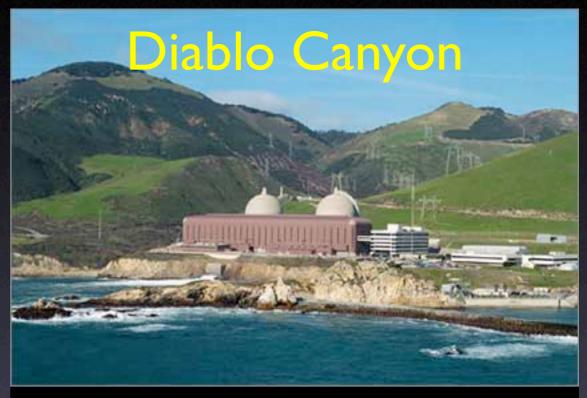
 CP-violation may be observed in neutrino oscillation

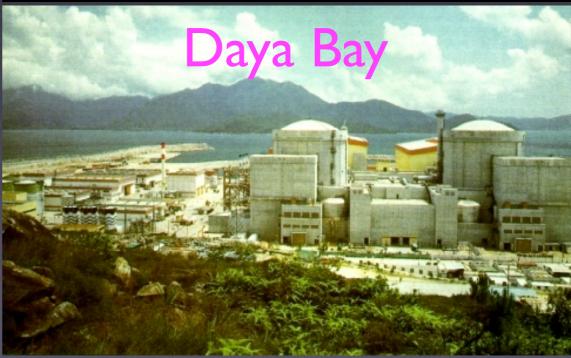
only unknown $P(v_{\mu} \rightarrow v_{e}) - P(\bar{v}_{\mu} - \bar{v}_{e}) = -16s_{12}c_{12}s_{13}c_{13}^{2}s_{23}c_{23}$ $\sin \delta \sin \left(\frac{\Delta m_{12}^{2}}{4E}L\right) \sin \left(\frac{\Delta m_{13}^{2}}{4E}L\right) \sin \left(\frac{\Delta m_{23}^{2}}{4E}L\right)$



θ₁₃ decides the future

- The value of θ_{13} crucial for the future of neutrino oscillation physics
- Determines the required facility/parameters/baseline/ energy
- Two paths to determine θ_{13}
 - Long-baseline accelerator v oscillation
 - Reactor v experiment with ≥two detectors

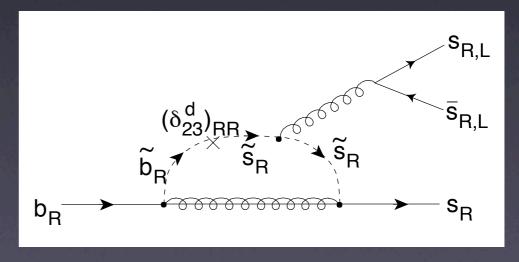




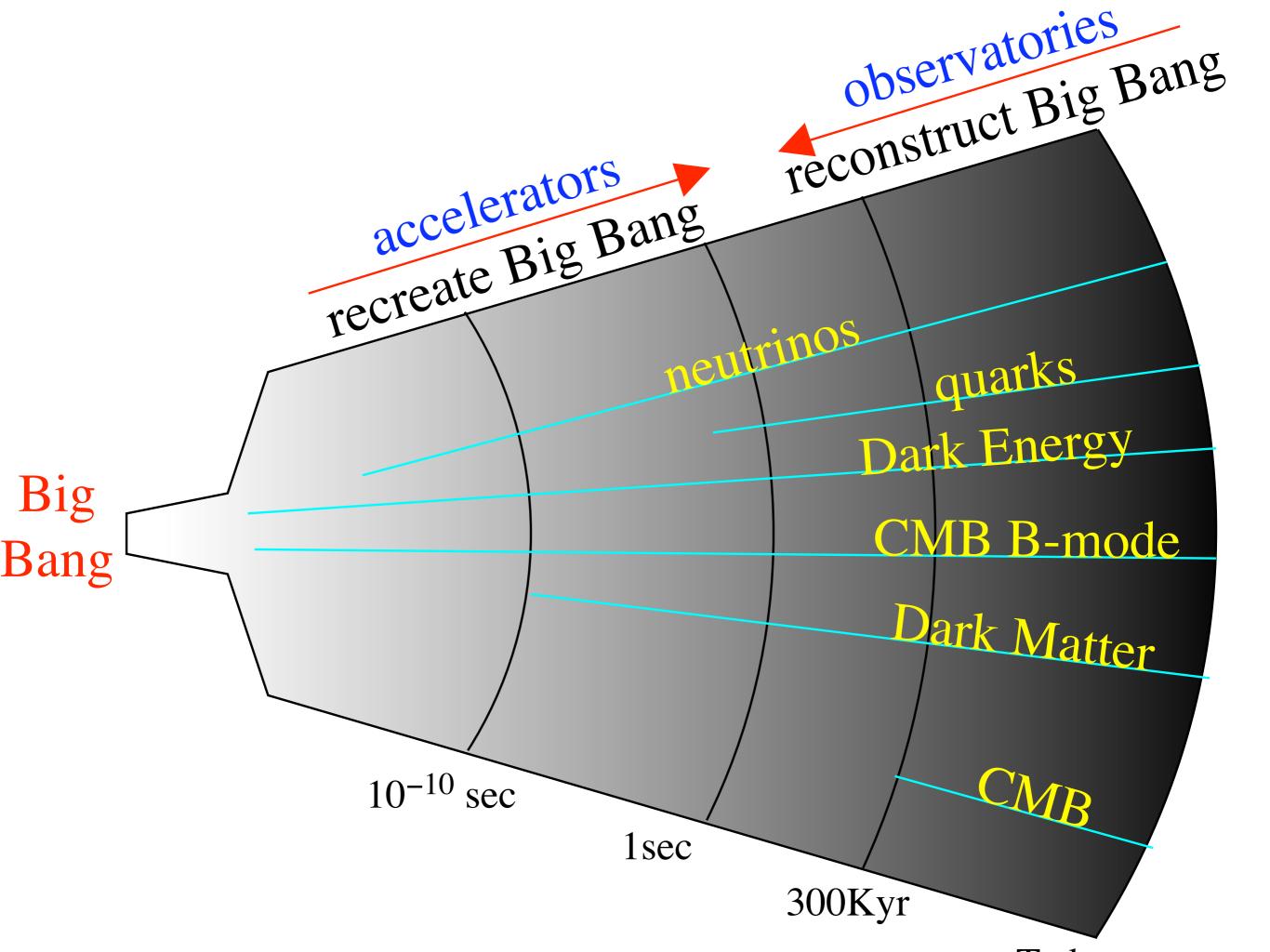
Large θ_{23} and quarks

- Near-maximal mixing between ν_{τ} and ν_{μ}
- Make it SU(5) GUT
- Then a large mixing between s_R and b_R
- Mixing among righthanded fields drop out from CKM matrix
- But mixing among superpartners physical

$$\begin{pmatrix} \tilde{s}_R \\ \tilde{s}_R \\ \tilde{s}_R \\ \tilde{\nu}_{\mu} \\ \tilde{\mu} \end{pmatrix} \longleftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{b}_R \\ \tilde{b}_R \\ \tilde{b}_R \\ \tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \\ \tilde{\tau} \end{pmatrix}$$



See leptogenesis in $B_d \rightarrow \phi K_S$



Dark Energy

Embarrassment with Dark Energy

 A naïve estimate of the cosmological constant in Quantum Field Theory:

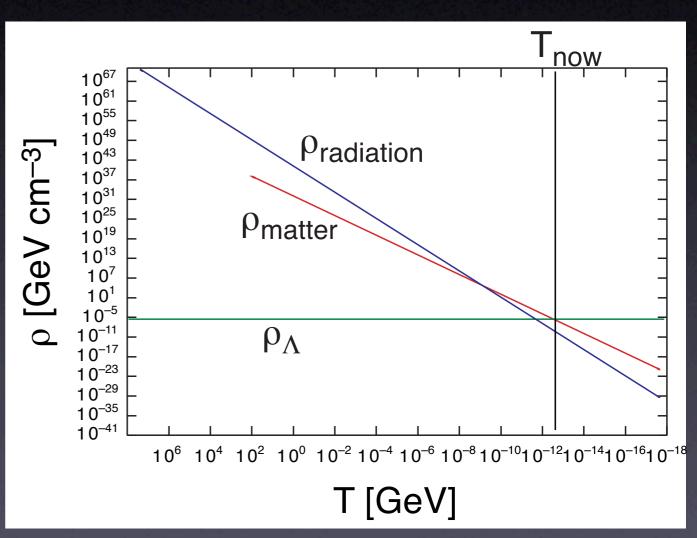
$$\rho_{\Lambda}$$
~ $M_{Pl}^{4}=G_{N}^{-2}$ ~ 10^{120} times observation

The worst prediction in theoretical physics!

- People had argued that there must be some mechanism to set it zero
- But now it seems finite???

Cosmic Coincidence Problem

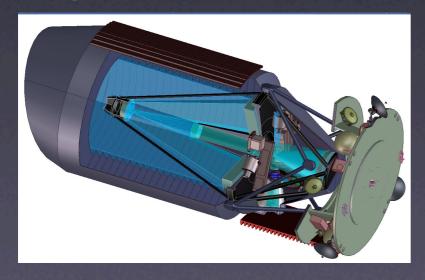
- Why do we see matter and cosmological constant almost equal in amount?
- "Why Now" problem
- Actually a triple coincidence problem including the radiation
- If there is a deep reason for ρ_{Λ} ~((TeV)²/M_{Pl})⁴, coincidence natural

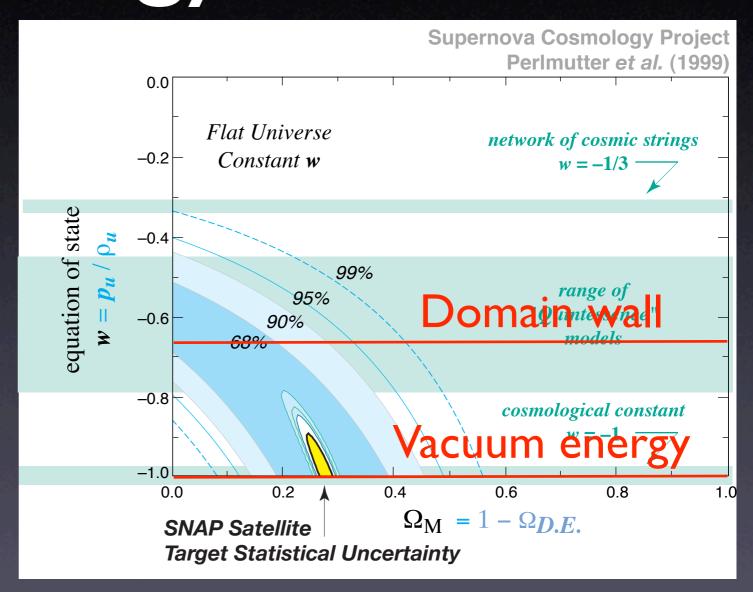


What is the Dark Energy?

It is a constant? It is dynamical?

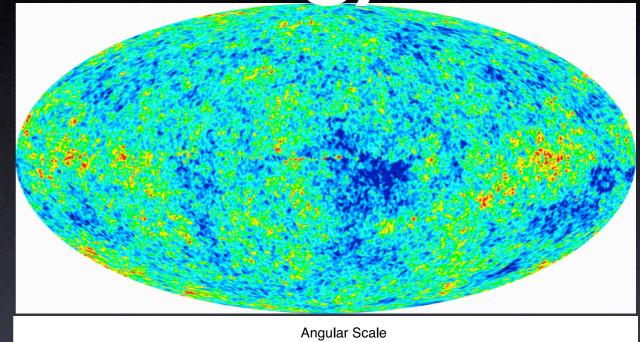
- We have to measure $w=p/\rho$
- With a dedicated satellite experiment:
 SNAP

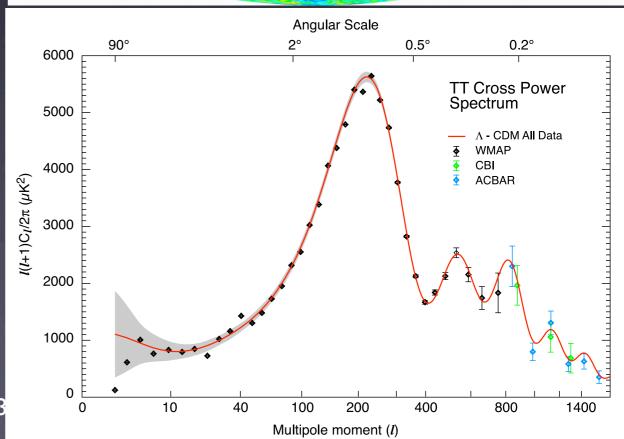




Actually, there once was Dark Energy

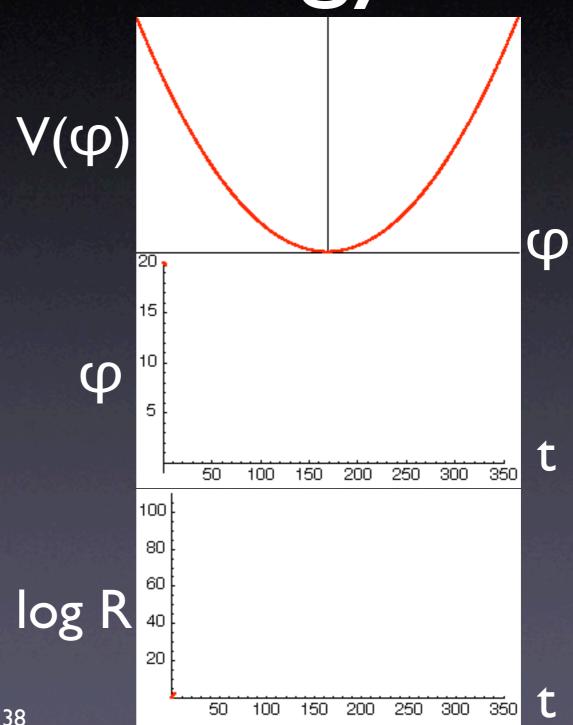
- Cosmic Inflation stretched the new-born microscopic space to our entire visible universe
- Observed density fluctuation is due to quantum fluctuation of inflaton
- E-mode polarization consistent with this picture





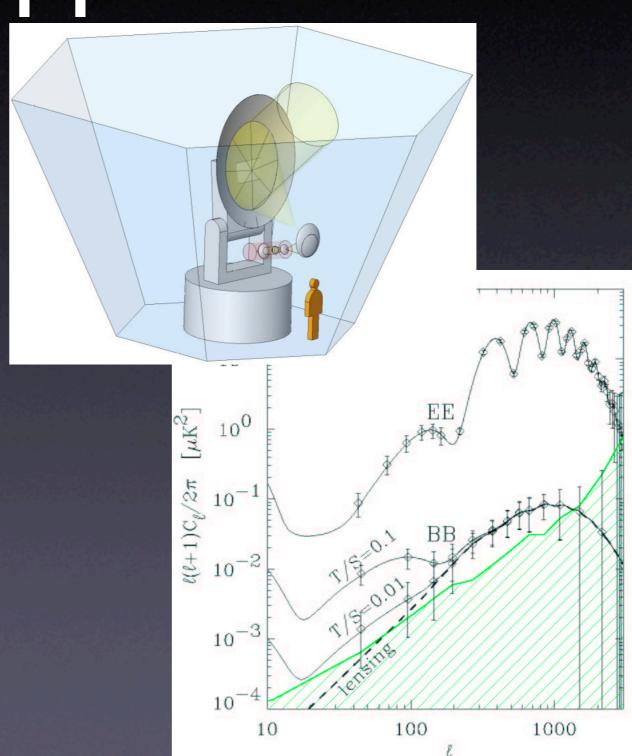
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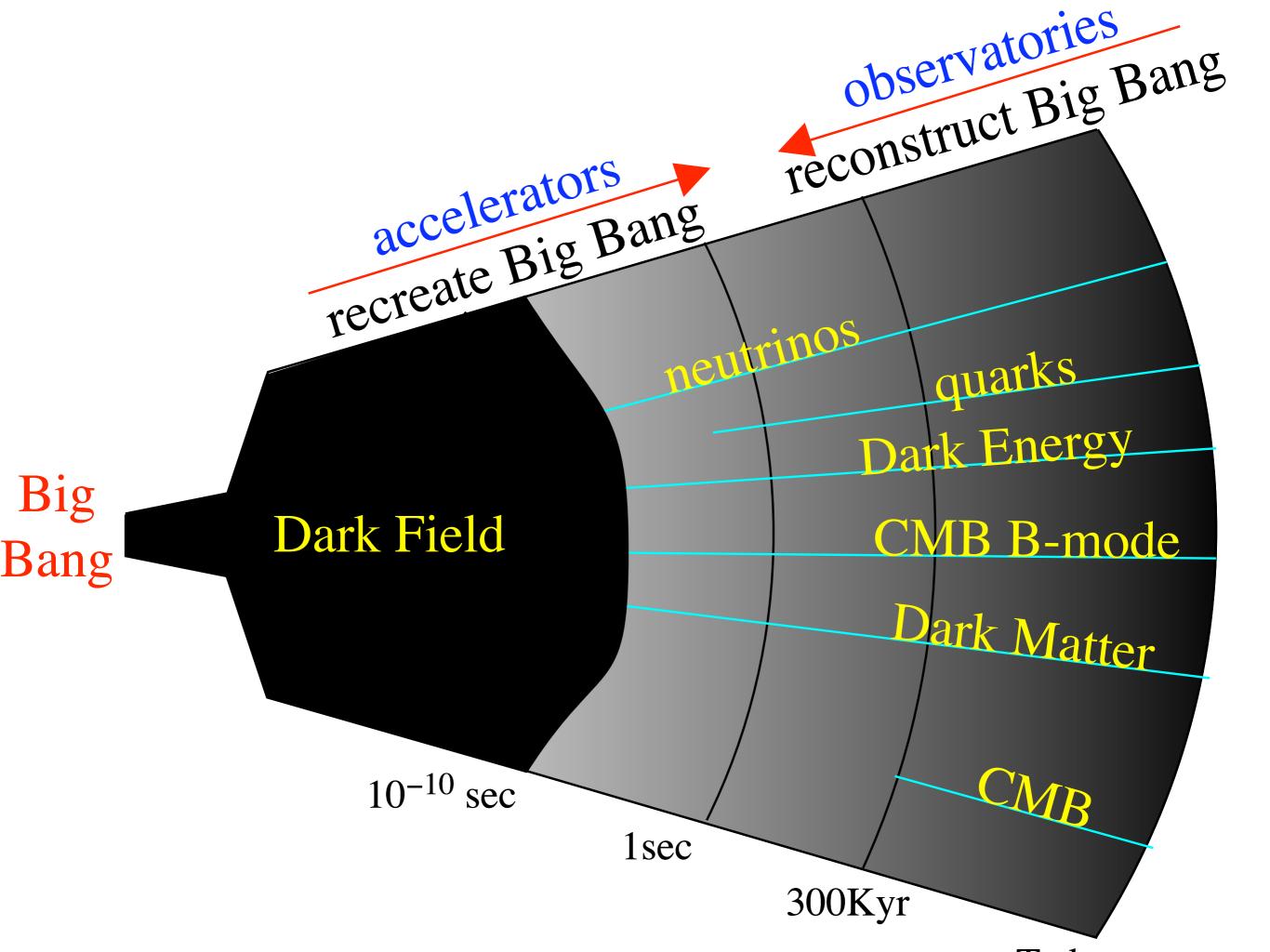
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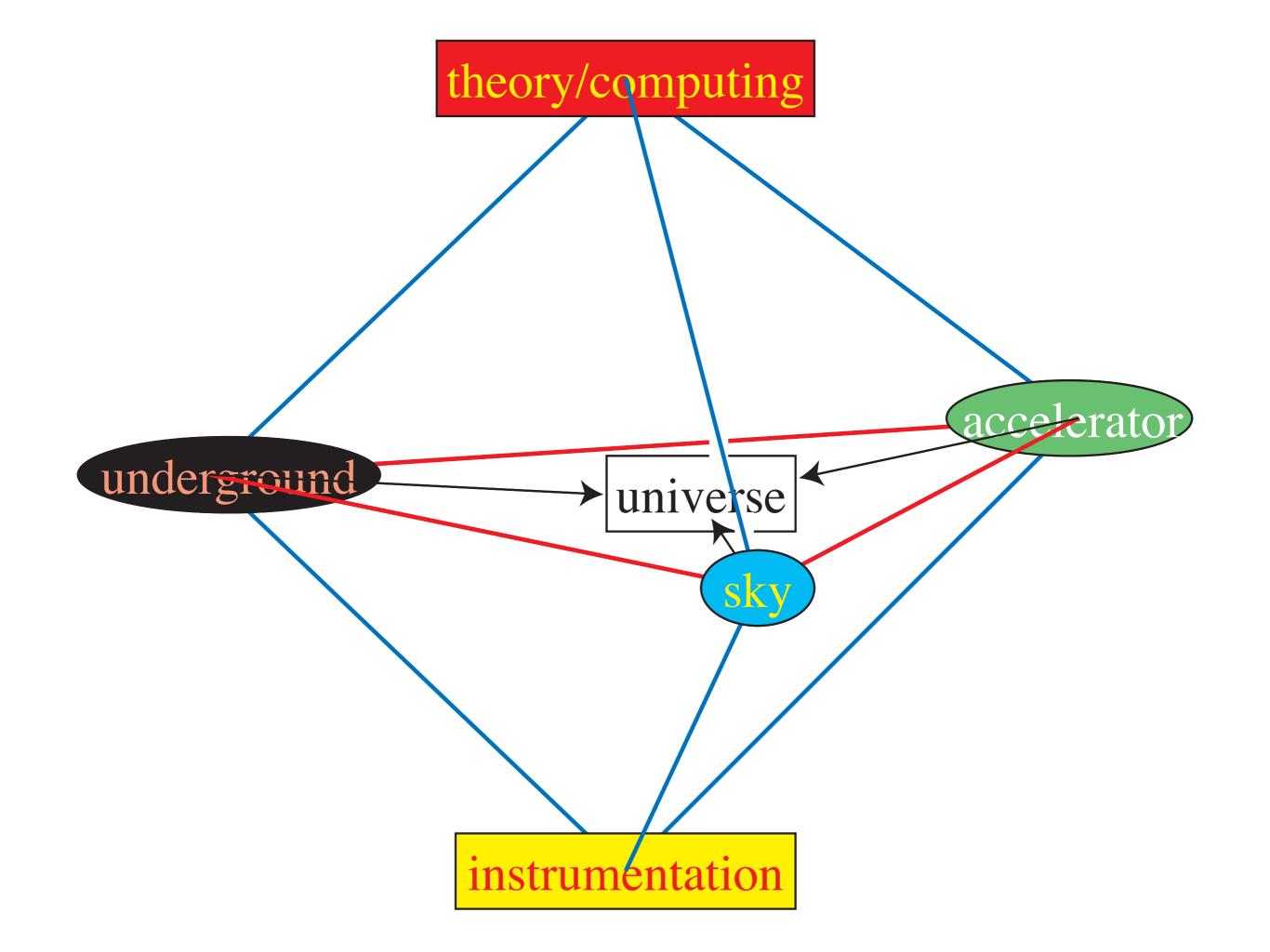


How do we know it really happened?

- everything gets quantum fluctuation, including gravitons
- Gravitons from quantum fluctuation gives B-mode polarization in CMB
- The size is directly proportional to the inflationary energy scale ⇒POLARBEAR







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